

accord and the settlement of Tuolumne River water rights with Turlock and Modesto Irrigation Districts. His accomplishments have been widely recognized by his peers, and he has served on numerous California water committees, including a term as Chair of the Association of California Urban Water Agencies.

Mr. President, we do not know what the future holds for Andy Moran, but we do know that his future will be met with continued success. He has been a mainstay of San Francisco's municipal government and will be greatly missed. We owe Andy a tremendous debt of gratitude, and we wish him the very best in his life ahead. Andy Moran is a true public servant.●

A 50TH BIRTHDAY SALUTE TO THE REVEREND ALPHONSE STEPHENSON

● Mr. MOYNIHAN. Mr. President, I rise today to recognize an important event which occurred yesterday, January 25th—the 50th birthday of The Reverend Alphonse Stephenson. Father Stephenson was recently feted by over a hundred family members and friends and his 50th birthday warrants a few moments of the Senate's attention.

Father Alphonse is a native son of New Jersey, but he has shared his varied talents with people of New York City. Priest at the Catholic Actor's Chapel in New York City, musical conductor of "A Chorus Line" on Broadway, and founder and conductor of St. Peter's Orchestra by the Sea, are just a few of the "hats" worn by Father Alphonse.

But Father Alphonse also assists in providing for those less fortunate. The Orchestra of St. Peter's by the Sea, under the baton of Father Alphonse, has raised over two million dollars for various hospitals, such as our own St. Vincent's in New York City; educational facilities, such as Mount Saint Michael in the Bronx; and churches that assist the homeless, such as St. John's near Pennsylvania Station. Additionally, and perhaps most importantly, he has created the Cecilia Foundation which allows young school children to experience the classics and even get a chance to conduct. The Cecilia Foundation provides musical instruments to children who would not get such an opportunity without the generosity of Father Alphonse.

Somehow, Father Alphonse has also found time to create the "Festival of the Atlantic," a series of free concerts at Point Pleasant Beach and the largest outdoor musical endeavor in the State of New Jersey. Crowds of 10,000 and more are not uncommon.

He is also a Major and the Chief Chaplain of the 108th Refueling Wing at McGuire Air Force Base in New Jersey with another change in rank soon to occur!

An amazing list of accomplishments for one so young. As the Senate begins the 2nd Session of the 106th Congress, I

join family and friends in wishing Father Alphonse a healthy and happy 50th Birthday—one wonders what the next 50 years will bring!●

DEATH OF FLOYD M. RIDDICK, PARLIAMENTARIAN EMERITUS

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of S. Res. 245, which was submitted earlier by Senators LOTT, DASCHLE, and others.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 245) relative to the death of Floyd M. Riddick, Parliamentarian Emeritus of the United States Senate.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. DASCHLE. Mr. President, we just received word that Floyd M. Riddick, the Parliamentarian Emeritus of the Senate, passed away yesterday. As many of our colleagues may recall, Floyd M. Riddick was the Senate Parliamentarian from 1964 to 1974.

He was a parliamentarian of extraordinary depth and value. In 1954, under the supervision of then-Parliamentarian Charles L. Watkins, he began working on the first edition of "Senate Procedure." The Senate procedure book that came as a result of his work now bears his name.

I think that says everything about the impact and the remarkable contribution Floyd Riddick has made to the Senate, to the way we continue to legislate, and certainly to the contribution he made in his time in public life.

Floyd Riddick received a Ph.D. from Duke University in 1941. His dissertation was on congressional procedure, and he began work for the Senate in 1947, being the very first to publish a Daily Digest, which we all use every day from the back of the Congressional RECORD.

Doc Riddick, as he was often referred to, was born in Trotville, NC, on July 13, 1908. As Senator BYRD has noted in his foreword to the current edition of "Senate Procedure," he was truly a unique scholar.

His contributions to the Senate will be utilized, as they have been utilized and valued, by future generations of Senators and staff who have not yet even been born.

Floyd Riddick made his mark on the Senate, on Congress, and on history for the publication of "Riddick's Senate Procedure."

I know I speak for all of my colleagues and all of our staff in expressing heartfelt condolences to his wife Margo, to his friends, and his family.

Mr. HATCH. I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 245) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. RES. 245

Whereas Floyd M. Riddick served the Senate with honor and distinction as its second Parliamentarian from 1965 to 1975;

Whereas Floyd M. Riddick created the Daily Digest of the Congressional Record and was its first editor from 1947 to 1951;

Whereas Floyd M. Riddick was Assistant Senate Parliamentarian from 1951 to 1964;

Whereas Floyd M. Riddick complied thousands of Senate precedents into the official volume whose current edition bears his name;

Whereas Floyd M. Riddick served the Senate for more than 40 years;

Whereas Floyd M. Riddick upon his retirement as Senate Parliamentarian served as a consultant to the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration;

Whereas Floyd M. Riddick performed his Senate duties in an impartial and professional manner;

Whereas Floyd M. Riddick was honored by the Senate with the title Parliamentarian Emeritus; Now therefore be it

Resolved, That the Senate has heard with profound sorrow and deep regret the announcement of the death of the Honorable Floyd M. Riddick, Parliamentarian Emeritus of the United States Senate.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit an enrolled copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

DEATH OF CARL CURTIS, FORMER U.S. SENATOR FROM NEBRASKA

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to the immediate consideration of S. Res. 246, submitted earlier by Senators LOTT, DASCHLE, and others.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 246) relative to the death of Carl Curtis, former U.S. Senator for the State of Nebraska.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. KERREY. Mr. President, I rise today to express my sadness at the death of Senator Carl T. Curtis.

Senator Curtis was a lifelong public servant best known for his untiring work on behalf of the people of Nebraska. He began his public career in 1930 when he was elected Kearney County Attorney. After failing to be re-elected as county attorney—the only political defeat he would ever face—he was elected to the U.S. House of Representatives in 1938. The people of Nebraska returned Carl Curtis to the House of Representatives for an additional seven terms.

In 1954, he chose to leave the House and to return to private life. But when then-Senator Dwight Griswold died in office, Carl Curtis was coaxed into further public service. He was overwhelmingly elected to the United States Senate and served as a distinguished member of this body until his retirement from public office in 1979.